

Tree Seedling Selection Details 2025-2026

Deciduous Trees

Amur Maple



Amur Maple (*Acer ginnala*) is a colorful and cold hardy species. As summer turns to fall, its bright green leaves turn fiery red. This tree is perfectly suited for urban environments. Amur maple can tolerate urban pollution, moist to dry conditions and is not affected by soil type or pH.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a
Height: 6 m (20 ft)
Spread: 5 m (16 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: normal
Growth rate: fast
Life span: medium
Suckering: low
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Foliage: glossy
Fall colour: scarlet red
Seeds: red tinged samaras
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 2.4 m (8 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

Hybrid Poplar



Hybrid Poplar (*Populus x balsamifera*) is a great shelterbelt tree. Hardy and fast growing on the prairies. Disease resistant, drought tolerant, no fuzz or catkins and requires little maintenance. Great for privacy screens and can handle tough conditions such as: urban pollution, environmental salt, poor soil, and even standing water.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a
Height: 18 m (60 ft)
Spread: 8 m (26 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: any
Growth rate: very fast
Life span: medium
Suckering: high
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Hybrid: yes
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 2.4 - 3 m (8 - 10 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

Paper Birch



Paper Birch (*Betula papyrifera*) is a fast-growing, cold hardy species with distinctive white papery bark. As the tree matures the brown bark will peel in layers and a chalk-white bark will appear. It is resistant to most diseases and makes great firewood. Also known as "White Birch."

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a
Height: 18 m (60 ft)
Spread: 11 m (35 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: normal, wet
Growth rate: fast
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Bark: white, papery, peeling
Seeds: located within the catkins
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: yes

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Silver Maple



Silver Maple (*Acer saccharinum*) is a fast-growing, shade tree that has a short trunk and sharply branched crown. This tree has red flowers in the early spring and five-lobed, deeply notched green leaves with silver undersides. In the fall, the leaves turn yellow. This is a large shade tree requiring a large yard and is popular for wetland plantings. Silver Maple is often used to make syrup instead of Sugar Maple in colder areas where Sugar Maple sap does not sweeten very well.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 3a
Height: 20 m (66 ft)
Spread: 12 m (40 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: normal, wet
Growth rate: fast
Life span: long
Suckering: low
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Foliage: silvery undersides
Fall colour: pale yellow to brown
Fruit: winged samara
Seeds: located within the winged samaras
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Deciduous Shrubs

Common Lilac



Common Lilac (*Syringa vulgaris*) is a cold hardy, easy to grow, fragrant lilac that blooms in May. This shrub provides excellent privacy or wind protection and tolerates most soil types.

Some people alternate Villosa and common purple lilacs to create the impression that the hedge is in flower for almost a full month with the common purple flowering about 2 weeks sooner than the Villosa Lilac. **(Order in bundles of 25)**

Zone: 2a
Height: 2.7 m (9 ft)
Spread: 1.8 m (6 ft)
Moisture: normal, wet
Light: partial shade, full sun
Fall colour: dark red
Berries: white waxy
Flowers: white
Bark: dark red, showy
Growth rate: fast
Life span: medium
Maintenance: low
Suckering: medium
Pollution tolerance: high

In row spacing: 0.9 m (3 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

Villosa Lilac



Villosa Lilac (*Syringa villosa*) also known as Late Lilac is a large and cold hardy shrub. It provides privacy and wind protection, drought resistant and suitable for shelterbelts. In summer, flowers grow in clusters at end of branches and fade to light pink over summer. Villosa will bloom later than the Common Lilac and some people alternate rows of each to create the impression that the hedge is flowering for a full month. **(Order in bundles of 25)**

Zone: 2a
Height: 5 m (16 ft)
Spread: 3 m (10 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Suckering: low
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Flowers: fragrant purple clusters
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

In row spacing: 0.9 m (3 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

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Hedge Cotoneaster



Hedge Cotoneaster (*Cotoneaster lucidus*) is a dense shrub with dark green leaves that turn a mix of red and purple in the fall.

It produces small, pink flowers in spring and in late summer they have red berries that ripen to black. Hedge will attract wildlife, birds and butterflies.

While it does produce berries, they are **not edible to humans**.

This plant takes pruning and shearing well, making it easy to shape and is a great choice for a hedge, privacy, or shelterbelt.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 3a

Height: 2.4 m (8 ft)

Spread: 2.4 m (8 ft)

Light: partial shade, full sun

Moisture: dry, normal

Growth rate: medium

Life span: medium

Suckering: none

Maintenance: medium

Pollution tolerance: medium

Toxicity: may cause stomach upset

Foliage: shiny

Fall colour: mix of yellow scarlet, red, purple

Flowers: small, pale pink

Hybrid: no

Fuzz/fluff: no

Catkins: no

Red River Raspberry



Red River Raspberry (*Rubus x 'Red River'*) is a cold hardy berry, smaller than typical raspberries. They begin ripening in August until frost. This is a primocane-fruiting variety, meaning it produces fruit on first-year canes. The berries are firm, ruby red and can be eaten straight from the bush. It has a cascading plant form and does not exceed 3 feet in height.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 3a

Height: 0.9 m (3 ft)

Spread: 0.9 m (3 ft)

Light: full sun

Moisture: normal

Growth rate: fast

Life span: short

Suckering: high

Maintenance: high

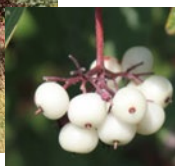
Pollution tolerance: medium

Hybrid: no

Fuzz/fluff: no

Catkins: no

Red Osier Dogwood



Red Osier Dogwood (*Cornus sericea*) is a small deciduous shrub that features deep red stems and twigs year-round, with creamy white flowers in the spring. This shrub will add a nice pop of color to your yard. Red Osier Dogwood is an excellent soil stabilizer and a nitrogen fixer. It is fast growing and becomes drought tolerant once well established.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a

Height: 2.7 m (9 ft)

Spread: 1.8 m (6 ft)

Light: partial shade, full sun

Moisture: normal, wet

Growth rate: fast

Life span: medium

Suckering: medium

Maintenance: low

Pollution tolerance: high

Fall colour: dark red

Bark: dark red, showy

Flowers: white

Berries: white waxy

Hybrid: no

Fuzz/fluff: no

Catkins: no

In row spacing: 0.9 m (3 ft)

Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

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Saskatoon/Serviceberry



Saskatoon (*Amelanchier alnifolia*) is a native shrub that's famous for its great-tasting fruit. The bush itself can be quite large and produces an abundance of fruit. Saskatoons are hardy and can tolerate partial shade and a variety of growing conditions. Saskatoon is popular because it seldom gets too tall, which makes it ideal for U-Pick orchards. The shrub has red to orange foliage in the fall with white flowers in the spring. The berries are great for fresh eating and cooking. It's excellent for wildlife and for preserves.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 1a
Height: 4 m (13 ft)
Spread: 2.7 m (9 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: short
Suckering: medium
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: low
Berries: purple-blue
Brix (sugar content): 14
Firmness: firm
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Coniferous Trees

Black Hills White Spruce



Black Hills Spruce (*Picea glauca var. densata*) is a subspecies of White Spruce native to the Black Hills of South Dakota. It has a strong conical form, slower growth rate and denser foliage than typical white spruce as it has bluish green needles. It also responds well to pruning and can be used as a hedge or even bonsai.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2b
Height: 25 m (82 ft)
Spread: 4 m (12 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: slow
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 3 - 4 m (10 - 12 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

Colorado (Blue) Spruce



Colorado Spruce, also known as Blue Spruce (*Picea pungens 'Colorado'*) is one of the best-selling trees! People are attracted to the distinctive blue-green color of this hardy evergreen. Blue Spruce really stands out because it is tough, long lived, and adapted to a wide range of growing conditions. Blue Spruce trees are ideally suited for use in shelterbelts, privacy screens, or as accent trees.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a
Height: 27 m (90 ft)
Spread: 6 m (20 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: slow
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Foliage: blueish green needles
Cones: large light brown cones (up to 10 cm long), mature in August and open on the tree, then fall to the ground over the following year
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 3 - 4 m (10 - 12 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

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Ponderosa Pine



Ponderosa Pine (*Pinus ponderosa*) is the tallest known pine in North America. This popular evergreen has distinctive, textured bark and long needles. It is a hardy evergreen in a variety of soil conditions.



(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 3a
Height: 30 m (98 ft)
Spread: 9 m (30 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Scots Pine



Scots Pine aka. Scotch Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*) is a hardy, adaptable evergreen. This large tree has an oval crown and distinctively orange bark when mature. Scots Pine prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil but can grow in most soil types.

It is the most common pine tree used in shelterbelts and windbreaks. Scots Pine is also occasionally used as a Christmas tree variety.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 2a
Height: 15 m (49 ft)
Spread: 5 m (16 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 3 - 4 m (10 - 12 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

White Pine



White Pine (*Pinus strobus*) is a large pine native to eastern North America. It is the provincial tree of Ontario. It is a rapid growing tree and long lived. It is a low maintenance tree, suitable for larger properties. It has long, flexible blue-green needles.

(Order in bundles of 25)

Zone: 3a
Height: 30 m (98 ft)
Spread: 9 m (30 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: normal
Growth rate: fast
Life span: long
Suckering: none
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: low
Bark: gray furrowed bark
Cones: long slender cones
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

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Poplar Trees

Assiniboine Hybrid Poplar



Assiniboine Poplar (*Populus x 'Assiniboine'*) is a tall, fast growing tree with oval form and dense foliage. This poplar is a hybrid that produces no fuzz or fluff. It is a poplar that handles tough conditions such as pollution, environmental salt, drought, poor soil and standing water.

(Order in bundles of 10)

Zone: 2a
Height: 20 m (66 ft)
Spread: 12 m (40 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: normal, wet
Growth rate: very fast
Life span: medium
Suckering: high
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Hybrid: yes
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no
In row spacing: 2.4 - 3 m (8 - 10 ft)
Between row spacing: 5 m (16 ft)

Prairie Sky Poplar



Prairie Sky Poplar (*Populus x canadensis 'Prairie Sky'*) is a narrow, fast growing hybrid poplar known for resiliency. It is drought tolerant and suitable for the prairies. It is adaptable to many soil conditions and suitable for a shelterbelt tree. Ideal for edges of properties or buffer zones.

(Order in bundles of 10)

Zone: 2b
Height: 18 m (60 ft)
Spread: 6 m (20 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: normal, wet
Growth rate: fast
Life span: medium
Suckering: high
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Foliage: large, heart-shaped
Hybrid: yes
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Sundancer Poplar



Sundancer Poplar (*Populus x ACWS151*) is a hardy, fast growing, disease-resistant tree developed originally from Indian Head, Saskatchewan. It is adaptable to all kinds of soil conditions and ideal for lining properties and roads.

(Order in bundles of 10)

Zone: 2a
Height: 12 m (40 ft)
Spread: 3 m (10 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: any
Growth rate: very fast
Life span: medium
Suckering: high
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: high
Hybrid: yes
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

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Small Fruit Trees

Boreal Beauty Honeyberry



Boreal Beauty Honeyberry (*Lonicera caerulea* 'Boreal Beauty') (Haskap) produces sweet/tart berries with a flavour between a blueberry and raspberry. Suited for eating, freezing, baking and preserves. Cross pollination is required for the Boreal Beauty (Haskap) to set fruit. A compatible variety of the Boreal Beauty Honeyberry is the Boreal Beast Honeyberry.

(These are ordered as a single plant. They will come in a container and recommended to purchase along with the Boreal Beast for cross pollination purposes.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 2.4 m (8 ft)
Spread: 1.5 m (5 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: any
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Flowers: pale yellow
Berries: large, purple blue
Fruit size: 2g
Flavor: raspberry-blueberry taste
Harvest: late July - mid August
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Boreal Beast Honeyberry



Boreal Beast Honeyberry (*Lonicera caerulea* 'Boreal Beast') (Haskap) produces sweet/tart berries with a flavour between a blueberry and a raspberry. This is a firmer berry that will hold onto the bush longer when compared to other varieties. Cross pollination is required for the Boreal Beast to set fruit. A compatible variety of the Boreal Beast is the Boreal Beauty or Boreal Blizzard.

(These are ordered as a single plant. They will come in a container and recommended to purchase along with the

Boreal Beauty or Boreal Blizzard for cross pollination purposes.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 2.4 m (8 ft)
Spread: 1.5 m (5 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: any
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Flowers: pale yellow
Berries: large, purple blue
Fruit size: 2g
Flavor: raspberry-blueberry taste
Harvest: mid - late July
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Boreal Blizzard Honeyberry



Boreal Blizzard Honeyberry (*Lonicera caerulea* 'Boreal Blizzard') (Haskap) has the largest, sweetest fruit of any cultivar. The flavour of this berry is between a blueberry and a raspberry. This haskap is suited to fresh eating, freezing, baking and preserves. Matures in mid to late July and is a compatible variety to the Boreal Beast.

(These are ordered a single plant. They will come in a container and recommended to purchase along with the Boreal Beast for cross pollination purposes.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 2.4 m (8 ft)
Spread: 1.5 m (5 ft)
Light: partial shade, full sun
Moisture: any
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Flowers: pale yellow
Berries: large, purple blue
Fruit size: 2g
Flavor: raspberry-blueberry taste
Harvest: mid - late July
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

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Honey Queen Raspberry



Honey Queen Raspberry (*Rubus x 'Honey Queen'*) has a unique yellow colour and known for its sweet honey-like flavor. Berries are soft and medium sized and best planted in shady areas. Honey Queen is a fast-growing floricanne – meaning raspberries will not grow in the first year. However, they are self-pollinating and only one variety is required for fruit production.

(These are ordered as a single plant. They will come in a small potted container.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 1.8 m (6 ft)
Spread: 1.2 m (4 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: dry, normal
Growth rate: fast
Life span: short
Suckering: high
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Foliage: small, rough, with jagged edges
Berries: sweet, yellow raspberries
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Juliet Cherry CVI



Juliet Cherry (*Prunus x kerrasis 'Juliet' CVI*) is a cold-hardy dwarf sour cherry. The fruit is known for being sweeter than other varieties and are well suited to fresh eating, baking and preserves. In the spring, white flowers cover the branches. It is recommended to grow dwarf sour cherries as a shrub rather than a tree. Juliet Cherries are self-fertile; however, planting with additional varieties for cross pollination can increase yields.

(These are ordered as a single plant. They will come in a small potted container. Recommended to be purchased with the Romeo Cherry for best production.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 2.0 m (7 ft)
Spread: 1.8 m (6 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Suckering: low
Maintenance: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Fall colour: orange
Flowers: white
Berries: dark red cherries
Fruit size: 5g
Brix (sugar content): 22
Flavor: semi-sweet
Harvest: early to mid August
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

Romeo Cherry CVI



Romeo Cherry (*Prunus x kerrasis 'Romeo'*) is a cold-hardy dwarf sour cherry. The fruit is darker and is known for being sweeter than other varieties and are well suited to fresh eating, baking, and preserves. In the spring, white flowers cover the branches. It is recommended to grow dwarf sour cherries as a shrub rather than a tree. Romeo Cherries are self-fertile; however, planting with additional varieties for cross pollination can increase yields.

(These are ordered as a single plant. They will come in a small potted container. Recommended to be purchased with the Juliet Cherry for best production.)

Zone: 2a
Height: 3 m (10 ft)
Spread: 1.8 m (6 ft)
Light: full sun
Moisture: normal
Growth rate: medium
Life span: medium
Suckering: low
Pollution tolerance: medium
Fall colour: orange
Flowers: white
Berries: medium sized dark red/black cherries best for making juice or fresh eating
Hybrid: no
Fuzz/fluff: no
Catkins: no

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Mount Royal Plum



Mount Royal Plum (*Prunus x 'Mount Royal'*) is a variety of European plum. This plum is a self-pollinator. Flowers are white and fragrant, while blooming in the spring. Fruit ripens in August and are sweet. Fruit can be eaten fresh or used in baking. Will require full sun and even soil moisture.

Height: 20' (6.1 m)
Spread: 10'
Light Needs: Full Sun
Hardiness Zone: 3/4
Foliage Colour: Green
Fall Foliage: Yellow
Growth Habit: Rounded
Flower Colour: White
Blooms: Spring
Fruit Colour: Blue
Fruit Size: 4 cm
Fruit Timing: Ripe Late August
Fruit Use: Fresh Eating, Cooking, Baking, Canning, Drying, Freezing
Key Features: Edible Fruit (Sweet, Juicy), Spring Blooms
Landscape Uses: Accent, Orchard
Pollination: Self-Pollinating

(These are ordered as a single tree. They will arrive as 6' trees and are a self-pollinator)

Battleford Apple



Battleford apple (*Malus x 'Battleford'*) will bear large fruit with creamy-white flesh covered almost entirely with red blush. The fruit is tart and matures in mid-September and is good for late-season fresh eating and cooking. Battleford can cross pollinate well with apples and crabapples and has showy white scented flowers with pink overtones in the spring.

Height: 20'
Spread: 15'
Light Needs: Full Sun
Hardiness Zone: 2
Foliage Colour: Green
Fall Foliage: Yellow
Growth Habit: Upright, Spreading
Flower Colour: White
Blooms: Spring
Fruit Colour: Creamy yellow with a splash of red
Fruit Size: 6-7.7 cm
Fruit Timing: Ripe Mid September
Fruit Use: Cooking, Baking, Fresh Eating
Key Features: Edible Fruit, Spring Blooms
Landscape Uses: Accent, Shade, Orchard
Pollination: Requires a Pollinator

(These are ordered as a single tree. They will arrive as 6' trees. It is recommended to purchase another pollinating species.)

Dwarf Goodland Apple



Goodland Apple (*Malus x 'Goodland' (Dwarf)*) has apples that are large, creamy yellow-green in colour with a splash of red. The flesh is white and is tender and juicy, excellent for eating fresh and for cooking. It originates in Manitoba, ripens in early September and has a mild, aromatic flavor. Fruit production on dwarf rootstock can be up to 2 years earlier than those on standard rootstock. Apples are 6-8cm in diameter.

Height: 10-12' (3 - 3.7 m)
Spread: 10'
Light Needs: Full Sun
Hardiness Zone: 3
Foliage Colour: Green
Fall Foliage: Yellow
Growth Habit: Dwarfing
Flower Colour: White
Blooms: Spring
Fruit Colour: Green, Red Blush
Fruit Size: 6-8 cm
Fruit Timing: Ripe Mid September
Fruit Use: Cooking, Fresh Eating, Stores Well
Key Features: Edible Fruit, Spring Blooms
Landscape Uses: Accent, Shade, Orchard
Pollination: Requires a Pollinator

(These are ordered as a single tree. These will arrive as 3' trees and grafted on dwarf rootstock. Fruit is the same size as standard rootstock. It is recommended to purchase another pollinating species.)

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Dwarf Kandy Krisp Apple



Kandy Krisp Apple (*Malus x 'Jefcrisp' (Dwarf)*) have large-sized, crisp eating apples that mature in early September, while blossoming. It is a cross between a Goodland and a Gemini apple. The flesh is firm and super crisp with red colouring and russeting on top-end of the fruit. It originates from Manitoba and is great for fresh eating and to bake with. Fruit production on dwarf rootstock can be up to 2 years earlier than those on standard rootstock. Apples are 7-8cm in diameter.

Height: 10-12' (3 – 3.7 m)
Spread: 10'
Light Needs: Full Sun
Hardiness Zone: 3
Foliage Colour: Green
Fall Foliage: Yellow
Growth Habit: Rounded
Flower Colour: White
Blooms: Spring
Fruit Colour: Bright-Red
Fruit Size: 7-8 cm
Fruit Timing: Ripe Mid September
Fruit Use: Cooking, Fresh Eating, Stores Well
Key Features: Edible Fruit, Spring Blooms
Landscape Uses: Accent, Shade, Orchard
Pollination: Requires a Pollinator

(These are ordered as a single tree. These will arrive as 3' trees and grafted on dwarf rootstock. Fruit is the same size as standard rootstock. It is recommended to purchase another pollinating species.)

Dwarf Red Gemini Apple



Red Gemini Apple (*Malus x 'Jefcoutts2' Dwarf*) have medium to large apples. Fruit is red over yellow-green flesh. It has a sweet, crisp taste which is excellent for fresh eating, cooking and baking. They are a cross between a Norland and the Haralson. Flowers blossom in late May-early June and fruit ripens in late August. Fruit production on dwarf rootstock can be up to 2 years earlier than those on standard rootstock. Apples are 7-8cm in diameter.

Height: 10-15'
Spread: 10'
Light Needs: Full Sun
Hardiness Zone: 2
Foliage Colour: Green
Fall Foliage: Yellow
Growth Habit: Dwarfing
Flower Colour: White
Blooms: Spring
Fruit Colour: Red
Fruit Size: 6-8 cm
Fruit Timing: Ripe Late August
Fruit Use: Cooking, Baking, Fresh Eating, Stores Well
Key Features: Edible Fruit, Spring Blooms
Landscape Uses: Accent, Shade, Orchard
Pollination: Requires a Pollinator
Brand: Northern Garden Collection

(These are ordered as a single tree. These will arrive as 3' trees and grafted on dwarf rootstock. Fruit is the same size as standard rootstock. It is recommended to purchase another pollinating species.)

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Other Planting Materials

Plastic Mulch Rolls:



Plastic Mulch will be rolls of 1500ft x 4ft.

It prevents weed growth and aids in moisture retention.

Great for large shelterbelt plantings.

Sold for \$250.00 per roll.

Hemp Mats:



Hemp Mats are a weed barrier mat that helps improve the growth and survival of your tree

It prevents weeds from germinating or growing.

100% biodegradable, chemical free and environmentally friendly.

The mat will be a 12" disc.

Sold for \$1.25 per disc.

2-Year Fertilizer Tablets:



Fertilizer tablets are designed to root feed seedlings, trees and shrubs up to 2 years. The tablet is dropped into the hole at the root zone of the seedling or tree at planting time. Tablet should not directly touch the roots of the seedling or tree. It slowly releases fertilizer over a 2-year period. The tablets do not dissolve by water but depend on soil bacteria to convert nutrients in a form that can be used by the plant. Each tablet is 10 grams.

Sold for \$1.00 per tablet.